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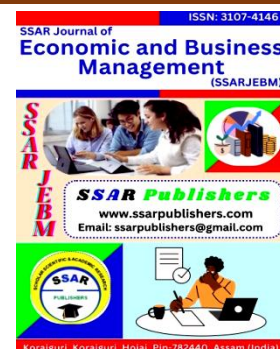
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OF DOUBT

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ABSTRACT: Doubt renders any task incomplete. Also a completed task with doubt may be erroneous. They say an incomplete task is better than erroneous task. Incomplete task means that the man did not move from his initial position. But erroneous task means the man goes in negative direction. It is like negative marking of any examination of multiple choice questions (MCQ). As such guess is very risky in case of MCQ. Sometimes guess pushes an examinee to the negative gradation that culminates confirmed failure without any doubt.

KEYWORDS: Doubt, Uncertainty, Lack Of Conviction, Fear, Lack Of Confidence, Distrust, Suspension, Hesitation.

INTRODUCTION

Creative writing is based more on manifestation rather than on expression. It does not inform, rather it reveals. So it bears no reference. The best creative writing is critical, and the best critical writing is creative. This article is an outcome of thinking about creative writing meant for a general readership. As such, I have adopted a free style methodology so that everyone can enjoy the pleasure of reading. As you might know, Francis Bacon (1561-1626), the immortal essayist, wrote many essays namely 'Of Love', 'Of Friendship', 'Of Ambition', 'Of Studies', and so on. The multiple-minded genius correctly pointed out that all the words of the dictionary can be used as themes for essays. But little has been done since his death to continue or finish his monumental task. Bacon's unique individual style of presentation ignited my imagination and encouraged me to write creative

essays as a method of relieving a wide range of emotions through catharsis.

ARTICLE

Doubt is a feeling of uncertainty or lack of conviction. For example: Some doubt has been cast upon the authenticity of this account.

It is to fear. It is to be afraid. For example: I doubt not any ones contradicting this Journal.

It is a feeling of not being certain about something, especially about how good or true it is. For

example: I'm having doubts about his ability to do the job.

It is a lack of confidence. It is to distrust e.g. has doubts about his abilities.

It is an inclination not to believe or accept e.g. a claim met with doubt.

It is uncertainty of belief or opinion that often interferes with decision-making.

It is a deliberate suspension of judgment.

It is a state of affairs giving rise to uncertainty, hesitation, or suspense. For example: The

outcome is still in doubt.

Doubt renders any task incomplete. Also a completed task with doubt may be erroneous. They say an incomplete task is better than erroneous task. Incomplete task means that the man did not move from his initial position. But erroneous task means the man goes in negative direction. It is like negative marking of any examination of multiple choice questions (MCQ). As such guess is very risky in case of MCQ. Sometimes guess pushes an examinee to the negative gradation that culminates confirmed failure without any doubt.

Doubtful knowledge is alias and akin to incomplete knowledge. Incomplete knowledge implies partial or little knowledge. The proverb goes, "A little learning is a dangerous thing". Such a person thinks that he has learned all and everything. He suffers from superiority complex. This complex misguides rather than guide causing mishap.

Doubt should not practice. It should be handled with due seriousness as is found in the notice of packing box, "Glass ! Handle with care. This side up". Here the caution is meant for "Don't turn down". One should be logical. Logical brain seldom doubts. Illogical brain doubts and searches for doubt. Then it becomes a maniac to find doubt.

There are two types of doubts viz., necessary and unnecessary. Necessary doubt helps. It is like proof-reading before publication of a book. It is draft of any letter. It means clarification or

explanation. It is revision of answer scripts of examination before submission. All these are meant for zero error. In contrast, unnecessary doubt wastes valuable time, money and energy as well. It causes anger. It hinders progress.

Doubt is a negative term. It implies suspect. The proverb goes, "A guilty mind is always suspicious". Guilty mind is an evil soul. An evil soul cannot do or does not do any good deed. Its only agenda is to harm others. He does suspicious works and considers each and everybody as an evil soul like him.

Doubt is a dangerous thing. If lovers doubt each other then instead of coming near they go far. Marriage is a long journey. Tolerance is its only fuel. If husband and wife for any invalid reason, doubt each other then family gets ruined and the children die unfed. Doubt with valid reason is good. It is too bad with invalid reason. Guess should not be used as a tool to identify doubt.

In case of positive case doubt is not so important since it does not cause trouble. It is for welfare reason not to fare well the good essence. But in case of risky affair doubt must be valued. If a flight has little doubt regarding any of its systems it should not allow take off. Here all systems must be 100% OK. Here minor negligence can cause severe danger. As such no compromise with quality thereby security should be the only agenda. Here zero tolerance of negligence should be the only slogan. In the mid sky there is no remedy to repair the flight. If an arrow is thrown from the bow then it cannot be returned back. Similarly, if a defective flight takes off then smooth landing faces a big doubt.

Someone always believes. He is optimist. He is blessed. Someone always doubts. He is pessimist. He is so cursed. Both the persons are diagonally opposite with each other regarding their philosophies towards their lives. Both the persons live. The former soul enjoys heavenly delight. The latter one suffers from the pains of anxieties and uncertainties of the events of mundane life as are faced with.

Doubt diminishes confidence. Someone may doubt and may not take any action. But doubt should not keep in mind or allow to remain as unsolved. He must take necessary step to verify it. If there is any valid reason then he must consider the face value of doubt otherwise it

should be wiped and washed out from the mind's easel.

May be the person cannot take judicious decision. Then either he may leave it and opt for alternative avenue or he may take the risk. No risk no gain implies high risk high gain. There are two types of people. The first category likes to take risk. He is adventurous in nature. The second category likes not to take risk. Such category is always afraid for uncertainty, injustice and fear.

In cricket benefit of doubt goes in favor of batsman. Here bowler is not valued much rather considered as second class player. It is purely nepotism. Batsman is fortunate and bowler is unfortunate.

Between batsman and bowler who is greater or who is better is difficult to reply. Sometimes batsman helps to win. Sometimes bowler decides the match. Both are equally valued. Unfortunately batsman is favored like male baby than female baby in patriarchal society. It is baseless and meaningless as well. Yet it reins.

Someone never doubts or enquires. He is ready to face any kind of difficulties. He is so confident that he will be able to find the path even in darkness. He is courageous. He is adventurous. If such a person is rich then he is second to none.

Source must be reliable. Otherwise hearsay will harass a person. The person may accuse an innocent person. He will chase the accused. Later on if the so-called accused is proved as innocent and in no way is related with the rumour then the accused will chase him. It is merely wastage of time, energy and money as well.

In case of daily life man enjoys casual moments. Mother compensates any deficiency with affection. But in case of guests a host does not keep any doubt regarding hospitality. In case of any lacking in arrangements it causes ill-fame viz., either miser or callousness or both simultaneously.

When the guests come for negotiation for marriage purpose then the host arranges with utmost care keeping no room for doubt. Marriage relation is very important between two families and is not less serious in any way like external affairs between two nations. Here protocol counts much and is responsible for making decision.

A doubtful soul always doubts. It is his habit. Habit is the second nature. He enjoys it. As such, he lives with doubt. He sleeps with doubt. He dreams with doubt. He dies with doubt even. He cannot live without doubt. Doubt is oxygen to him. It is like water towards a fish. It is one type of life someone possesses.

CONCLUSION

Thus there are two options. In the first instance one may adopt doubtful life. In the second instance one may choose doubt free life like duty free wine of International Airport. In these world market only two brands are available. Both are good. Both have merit and demerit simultaneously. There is choice. There is voice. Sometimes choice controls voice. Sometimes voice controls choice. Now, choice is up to you.

REFERENCES

They say and hearsay
